

Homework 9

Exercise 1 Consider the vector field $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \setminus \{(0,0)\} \ni (x,y) \mapsto \left(\frac{-y}{x^2+y^2}, \frac{x}{x^2+y^2}\right) \in \mathbb{R}^2$. Compute the curve integral for the following curves:

- (i) The curve defined by the circle centered at $(0,0)$ and of radius $\sqrt{2}$, taken in counterclockwise direction, from $(1,1)$ to $(-\sqrt{2},0)$,
- (ii) The curve defined by the unit circle centered at $(0,0)$, taken in counterclockwise direction,
- (iii) The curve defined by the circle centered at $(0,0)$ and of radius $r > 0$, taken in counterclockwise direction.

Exercise 2 Consider the vector field $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \ni (x,y) \mapsto (2x^3y^4 + x, 2x^4y^3 + y) \in \mathbb{R}^2$. Compute the curve integral along the curve defined by $c(t) := (t \cos(\pi t) - 1, \sin(\pi t/2))$ for $t \in [0, 1]$.

Exercise 3 Compute the following integrals:

$$\iint_{\Omega} x^2 y \, dx \, dy \quad \text{with } \Omega = [1, 2] \times [-3, 4],$$

$$\iiint_{\Omega} \sin(x) y z \, dx \, dy \, dz \quad \text{with } \Omega = [0, \pi] \times [0, 1] \times [0, 2].$$

Exercise 4 1) Compute the integral $\iint_{\Omega} (x - y) \, dx \, dy$ with Ω the subset of \mathbb{R}^2 defined by the three lines of equation $x = 0$, $y = x + 2$, and $y = -x$,

2) Compute the integral $\iint_{\Omega} e^{x+y} \, dx \, dy$ with Ω the subset of \mathbb{R}^2 defined by $\{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid |x| + |y| \leq 1\}$,

3) Compute the integral $\iint_{\Omega} xy \, dx \, dy$ with Ω the subset of $\mathbb{R}_+ \times \mathbb{R}_+$ defined by the two functions of equation $y = x^2$ and $y = x^4$.