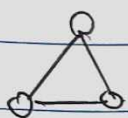


Exercise 1 (Lecture note p.20)

Find a basis for the example of 3 nodes such that the transition matrix is block diagonal.

Write this matrix explicitly.

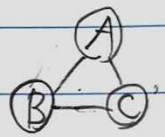
Recall that the model of the example is the following.



A complete graph with 3 nodes and 2 states a state S and I .

A rate that each node change state from I to S is γ , and that each node has state S in a pair $(S-I)$ change state to I is β .

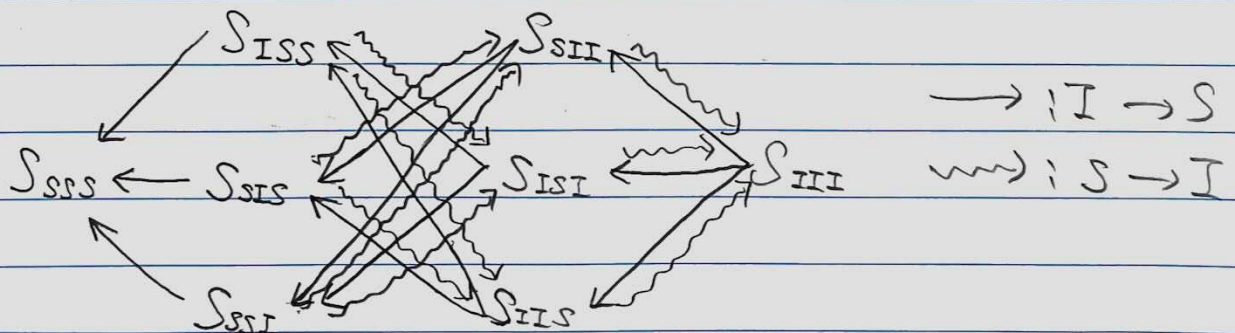
Set X_{ABC} is a probability that system is in state



The model's state space is

$$S = \{ S_{SSS}, S_{ISS}, S_{SIS}, S_{SSI}, S_{SII}, S_{SII}, S_{IIS}, S_{III} \}$$

and a diagram of transition is as following;



So we obtain a master equation :

$$\begin{cases} \dot{X}_{SSS} = \gamma(X_{ISS} + X_{SIS} + X_{SSI}) \\ \dot{X}_{ISS} = \gamma(X_{ISI} + X_{IIS}) - (\gamma + 2J)X_{ISS} \\ \dot{X}_{SIS} = \gamma(X_{IIS} + X_{SII}) - (\gamma + 2J)X_{SIS} \\ \dot{X}_{SSI} = \gamma(X_{ISI} + X_{SII}) - (\gamma + 2J)X_{SSI} \\ \dot{X}_{SII} = J(X_{SIS} + X_{SSI}) + \gamma X_{III} - (2\gamma + 2J)X_{SII} \\ \dot{X}_{ISI} = J(X_{ISS} + X_{SSI}) + \gamma X_{III} - (2\gamma + 2J)X_{ISI} \\ \dot{X}_{IIS} = J(X_{ISS} + X_{SIS}) + \gamma X_{III} - (2\gamma + 2J)X_{IIS} \\ \dot{X}_{III} = 2J(X_{SII} + X_{ISI} + X_{IIS}) - 3\gamma X_{III} \end{cases}$$

Then set $X = {}^t(X_{SSS} \ X_{ISS} \ X_{SIS} \ X_{SSI} \ X_{SII} \ X_{ISI} \ X_{IIS} \ X_{III})$,
the master equation is written as $\dot{X} = TX$
where

$$T = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \gamma & \gamma & \gamma & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -(\gamma + 2J) & 0 & 0 & 0 & \gamma & \gamma & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -(\gamma + 2J) & 0 & \gamma & 0 & \gamma & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -(\gamma + 2J) & \gamma & \gamma & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & J & J & -(2\gamma + 2J) & 0 & 0 & \gamma \\ 0 & J & 0 & J & 0 & -(2\gamma + 2J) & 0 & \gamma \\ 0 & J & J & 0 & 0 & 0 & -(2\gamma + 2J) & \gamma \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2J & 2J & 2J & -3\gamma \end{pmatrix}$$

So where $I = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ and $K = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$,

set matrices as $B_0 = (0)$, $C_0 = (\gamma \ \gamma \ \gamma)$,

$$A_1 = {}^t(0 \ 0 \ 0), \quad B_1 = -(\gamma + 2J)I, \quad C_1 = \gamma K,$$

$$A_2 = J K, \quad B_2 = -(2\gamma + 2J)I, \quad C_2 = {}^t(\gamma \ \gamma \ \gamma)$$

$$A_3 = (2J \ 2J \ 2J), \quad B_3 = (-3\gamma), \quad \text{for block diagonal matrix.}$$

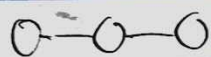
$$T = \begin{pmatrix} B_0 & C_0 & 0 & 0 \\ A_1 & B_1 & C_1 & 0 \\ 0 & A_2 & B_2 & C_2 \\ 0 & 0 & A_3 & B_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

□

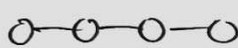
Exercise 2 (Lecture note p.26, [KMS] p.37, 38)

Find the matrices for the SIS dynamics in the following graphs and write down the full system of master equations

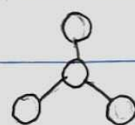
(a)



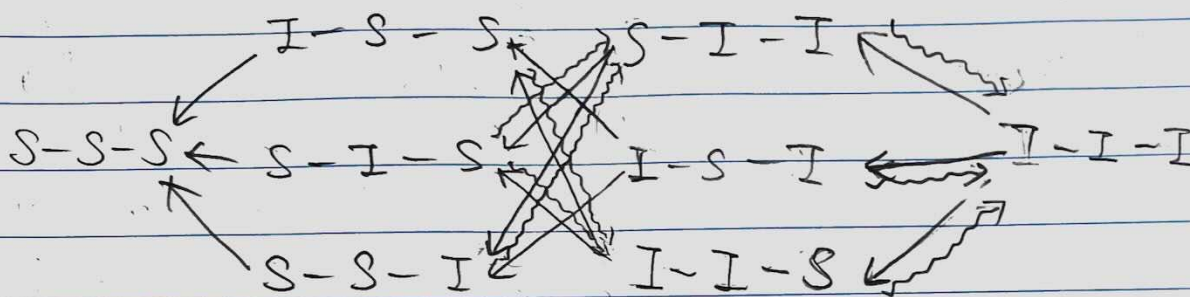
(b)



(c)



(a) the transition diagram is



then, the master equation is

$$\dot{X}_{SSS} = \gamma (X_{ISS} + X_{SIS} + X_{SSI})$$

$$\dot{X}_{ISS} = \gamma (X_{ISI} + X_{IIS}) - (\gamma + J) X_{ISS}$$

$$\dot{X}_{SIS} = \gamma (X_{SII} + X_{IIS}) - (\gamma + 2J) X_{SIS}$$

$$\dot{X}_{SSI} = \gamma (X_{SII} + X_{ISI}) - (\gamma + J) X_{SSI}$$

$$\dot{X}_{SII} = J (X_{SIS} + X_{SSI}) + \gamma X_{III} - (2\gamma + J) X_{SII}$$

$$\dot{X}_{ISI} = \gamma X_{III} - (2\gamma + 2J) X_{ISI}$$

$$\dot{X}_{IIS} = J (X_{ISS} + X_{SIS}) + \gamma X_{III} - (2\gamma + J) X_{IIS}$$

$$\dot{X}_{III} = J (X_{SII} + 2X_{ISI} + X_{IIS}) - 3\gamma X_{III}$$

So the matrix is following for the same X as Exercise 1

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|cc|c} 0 & \gamma & \gamma & \gamma & & \\ \hline & -(\gamma+J) & & & \gamma & \gamma \\ & & -(\gamma+2J) & & \gamma & \gamma \\ & & & -(\gamma+J) & \gamma & \gamma \\ \hline & & J & J & -(2\gamma+J) & \gamma \\ & & & & & -(\gamma+2J) \\ & J & J & & & -(2\gamma+J) \\ \hline & & & & & -3\gamma \end{array} \right)$$

(where the blank means 0)

and set $B^0 = (0)$, $C^0 = (\gamma \ \gamma \ \gamma)$

$$A^1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad B^1 = \begin{pmatrix} -(\gamma+J) \\ -(\gamma+J) \\ -(\gamma+J) \end{pmatrix}, \quad C^1 = \gamma k$$

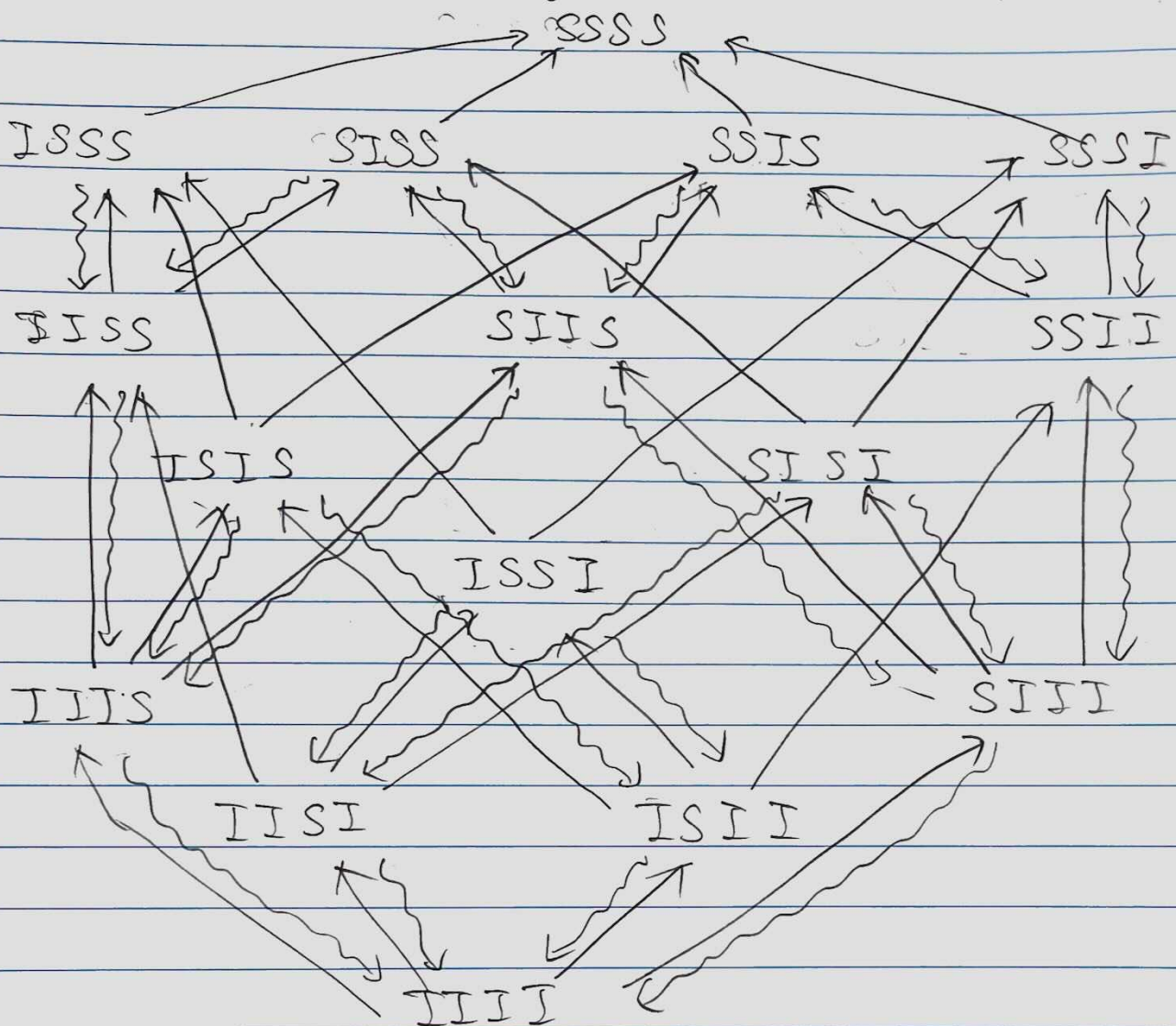
$$A^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & J & J \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ J & J & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad B^2 = \begin{pmatrix} -(2\gamma+J) \\ -(2\gamma+2J) \\ -(2\gamma+J) \end{pmatrix}, \quad C^2 = \begin{pmatrix} \gamma \\ \gamma \\ \gamma \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A^3 = (0 \ 0 \ 0), \quad B^3 = (-3\gamma)$$

as the matrix can be written as

$$\left(\begin{array}{cccc} B^0 & C^0 & 0 & 0 \\ A^1 & B^1 & C^1 & 0 \\ 0 & A^2 & B^2 & C^2 \\ 0 & 0 & A^3 & B^3 \end{array} \right) //$$

(b) the transition diagram is



then the master equation is

$$\dot{X}_{SSSS} = \gamma (X_{ISSS} + X_{SISS} + X_{SSIS} + X_{SSSI})$$

$$\dot{X}_{ISSS} = \gamma (X_{IISS} + X_{IISIS} + X_{ISSI}) - (\gamma + J) X_{ISSS}$$

$$\dot{X}_{SISS} = \gamma (X_{IISS} + X_{SIIS} + X_{SISI}) - (\gamma + 2J) X_{SISS}$$

$$\dot{X}_{SSIS} = \gamma (X_{IISIS} + X_{SIIS} + X_{SSII}) - (\gamma + 2J) X_{SSIS}$$

$$\dot{X}_{SSSI} = \gamma (X_{IISSI} + X_{SISII} + X_{SSII}) - (\gamma + J) X_{SSSI}$$

$$\dot{X}_{IISS} = \gamma (X_{IIIS} + X_{IISI}) + J (X_{ISSS} + X_{SISS}) - (2\gamma + J) X_{IISS}$$

$$\dot{X}_{IISIS} = \gamma (X_{IISIS} + X_{IISII}) - (2\gamma + 3J) X_{IISIS}$$

$$\dot{X}_{SIIS} = \gamma (X_{IIIS} + X_{SIII}) + J (X_{SISS} + X_{SSIS}) - (2\gamma + 2J) X_{SIIS}$$

$$\dot{X}_{ISSI} = \gamma (X_{IISI} + X_{ISII}) - (2\gamma + 2J) X_{ISSI}$$

$$\dot{X}_{SISI} = \gamma (X_{IISI} + X_{SIII}) - (2\gamma + 3J) X_{SISI}$$

$$\dot{X}_{SSII} = \gamma (X_{ISII} + X_{SIII}) + J (X_{SSIS} + X_{SSSI}) - (2\gamma + J) X_{SSII}$$

$$\dot{X}_{IIIS} = \gamma X_{IIII} + J (X_{IISS} + 2X_{ISIS} + X_{SIIIS}) - (3\gamma + J) X_{IIIS}$$

$$\dot{X}_{IISI} = \gamma X_{IIII} + J (X_{IISS} + X_{SISI}) - (3\gamma + 2J) X_{IISI}$$

$$\dot{X}_{ISII} = \gamma X_{IIII} + J (X_{IISS} + X_{ISIS}) - (3\gamma + 2J) X_{ISII}$$

$$\dot{X}_{SIII} = \gamma X_{IIII} + J (X_{SSII} + 2X_{SISI} + X_{SIIIS}) - (3\gamma + J) X_{SIII}$$

$$\dot{X}_{IIII} = J (X_{IIIS} + 2X_{IISI} + 2X_{ISII} + X_{SIII}) - 4J X_{IIII}$$

So the matrix for $X = (X_{SSSS}, X_{IISS}, X_{SIISS}, X_{SSIS}, X_{SSSI}, X_{IISS}, X_{ISIS}, X_{SIIIS}, X_{IISI}, X_{SISI}, X_{SSII}, X_{IIIS}, X_{IISI}, X_{ISII}, X_{SIII}, X_{IIII})$

is written as

$$\begin{pmatrix} B^0 & C^0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ A^1 & B^1 & C^1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & A^2 & B^2 & C^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & A^3 & B^3 & C^3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & A^4 & B^4 \end{pmatrix}$$

where

$$B^0 = (0), \quad C^0 = (\gamma \ \gamma \ \gamma \ \gamma)$$

$$A^1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad B^1 = \begin{pmatrix} -(\gamma + J) & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -(\gamma + 2J) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -(\gamma + 2J) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -(\gamma + J) \end{pmatrix},$$

$$C^1 = \begin{pmatrix} \gamma & \gamma & 0 & \gamma & 0 & 0 \\ \gamma & 0 & \gamma & 0 & \gamma & 0 \\ 0 & \gamma & \gamma & 0 & 0 & \gamma \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \gamma & \gamma & \gamma \end{pmatrix},$$

$$A^2 = \begin{pmatrix} J & J & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & J & J & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & J & J \end{pmatrix}$$

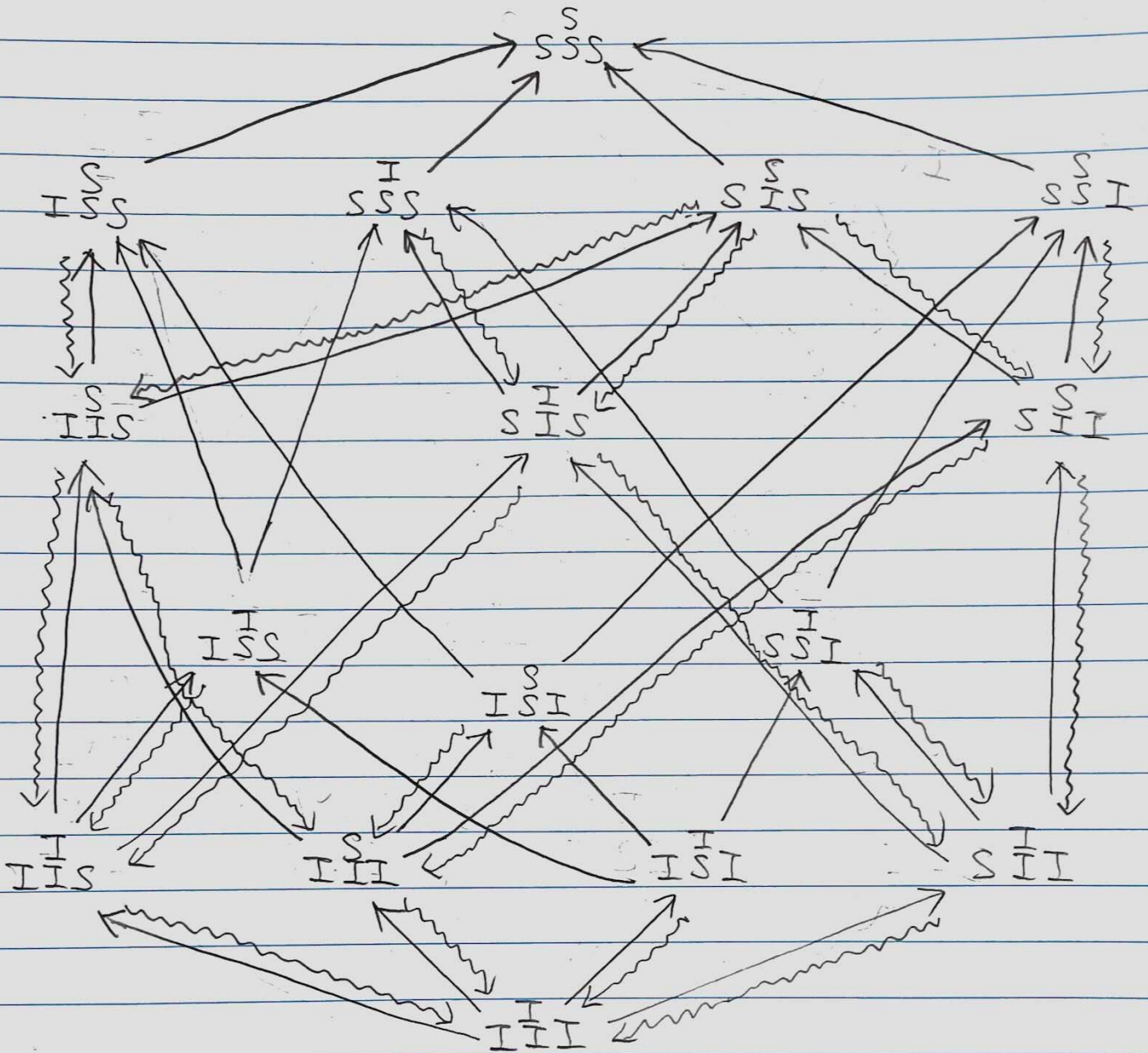
$$B^2 = \begin{pmatrix} -(2r+J) & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -(2r+3J) & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -(2r+2J) & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -(2r+2J) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -(2r+3J) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -(2r+J) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$C^2 = \begin{pmatrix} r & r & 0 & 0 \\ r & 0 & r & 0 \\ r & 0 & 0 & r \\ 0 & r & r & 0 \\ 0 & r & 0 & r \\ 0 & 0 & r & r \end{pmatrix}, A^3 = \begin{pmatrix} J & 2J & J & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & J & J & 0 \\ 0 & J & 0 & J & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & J & 0 & 2J & J \end{pmatrix}$$

$$B^3 = \begin{pmatrix} -(3r+J) & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -(3r+2J) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -(3r+2J) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -(3r+J) \end{pmatrix}, C^3 = \begin{pmatrix} r \\ r \\ r \\ r \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A^4 = (J \ 2J \ 2J \ J), B^4 = (-4r) //$$

(c) the transition diagram is



then, the master equation is

$$\dot{X}_{SSS} = \gamma (X_{ISS} + X_{SIS} + X_{SSI})$$

$$\dot{X}_{ISS} = \gamma (X_{IIS} + X_{ISS} + X_{ISI}) - (\gamma + J) X_{ISS}$$

$$\dot{X}_{SIS} = \gamma (X_{IIS} + X_{SIS} + X_{SII}) - (\gamma + 3J) X_{SIS}$$

$$\dot{X}_{SSI} = \gamma (X_{SII} + X_{SII} + X_{SII}) - (\gamma + J) X_{SSI}$$

$$\dot{X}_{IIS}^S = J(X_{ISS}^S + X_{SIS}^S) + \gamma(X_{III}^S + X_{IIS}^I) - (2\gamma + 2J)X_{IIS}^S$$

$$\dot{X}_{SIS}^I = J(X_{SSI}^I + X_{SIS}^S) + \gamma(X_{SII}^I + X_{IIS}^I) - (2\gamma + 2J)X_{SIS}^I$$

$$\dot{X}_{SII}^S = J(X_{SIS}^S + X_{SSI}^S) + \gamma(X_{SII}^I + X_{III}^I) - (2\gamma + 2J)X_{SII}^S$$

$$\dot{X}_{SSI}^I = \gamma(X_{SII}^I + X_{ISI}^I) - (2\gamma + 2J)X_{SSI}^I$$

$$\dot{X}_{ISI}^S = \gamma(X_{III}^I + X_{ISI}^I) - (2\gamma + 2J)X_{ISI}^S$$

$$\dot{X}_{ISS}^I = \gamma(X_{ISI}^I + X_{IIS}^I) - (2\gamma + 2J)X_{ISS}^I$$

$$\dot{X}_{SII}^I = J(2X_{SSI}^I + X_{SII}^I + X_{SII}^S) + \gamma X_{III}^I - (3\gamma + J)X_{SII}^I$$

$$\dot{X}_{III}^S = J(X_{IIS}^S + 2X_{ISI}^S + X_{SII}^S) + \gamma X_{III}^I - (3\gamma + J)X_{III}^S$$

$$\dot{X}_{ISI}^I = \gamma X_{III}^I - (3\gamma + 3J)X_{ISI}^I$$

$$\dot{X}_{IIS}^I = J(X_{IIS}^S + X_{SIS}^I + 2X_{ISS}^I) + \gamma X_{III}^I - (3\gamma + J)X_{IIS}^I$$

$$\dot{X}_{III}^I = J(X_{SII}^I + X_{III}^S + 3X_{ISI}^I + X_{IIS}^I) - 4\gamma X_{III}^I$$

So the diagonal matrix for

$$X = (X_{SSI}^S, X_{ISS}^S, X_{SSI}^I, X_{SIS}^S, X_{SSI}^S, \\ X_{IIS}^S, X_{SIS}^I, X_{SII}^S, X_{SSI}^I, X_{ISI}^S, X_{ISS}^I, \\ X_{SII}^I, X_{III}^S, X_{ISI}^I, X_{IIS}^I, X_{III}^I)$$

is written as

$$\begin{pmatrix} B^0 & C^0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ A^1 & B^1 & C^1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & A^2 & B^2 & C^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & A^3 & B^3 & C^3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & A^4 & B^4 \end{pmatrix}$$

where

$$B^0 = (0), \quad C^0 = (\gamma \ \gamma \ \gamma \ \gamma),$$

$$A^1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad B^1 = \begin{pmatrix} -(\gamma + J) & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -(\gamma + J) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -(\gamma + 3J) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -(\gamma + J) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$C^1 = \begin{pmatrix} \gamma & 0 & 0 & 0 & \gamma & \gamma \\ 0 & \gamma & 0 & \gamma & 0 & \gamma \\ \gamma & \gamma & \gamma & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \gamma & \gamma & \gamma & 0 \end{pmatrix}'$$

$$A^2 = \begin{pmatrix} J & 0 & J & 0 \\ 0 & J & J & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & J & J \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad B^2 = \begin{pmatrix} -(2\gamma+2J) & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -(2\gamma+2J) & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -(2\gamma+2J) & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -(2\gamma+2J) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -(2\gamma+2J) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -(2\gamma+2J) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$C^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \gamma & 0 & \gamma \\ \gamma & 0 & 0 & \gamma \\ \gamma & \gamma & 0 & 0 \\ \gamma & 0 & \gamma & 0 \\ 0 & \gamma & \gamma & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \gamma & \gamma \end{pmatrix}, \quad A^3 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & J & J & 2J & 0 & 0 \\ J & 0 & J & 0 & 2J & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ J & J & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2J \end{pmatrix}'$$

$$B^3 = \begin{pmatrix} -(3\gamma+J) & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -(3\gamma+J) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -(3\gamma+3J) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -(3\gamma+J) \end{pmatrix}, \quad C^3 = \begin{pmatrix} \gamma \\ \gamma \\ \gamma \\ \gamma \end{pmatrix}'$$

$$A^4 = (J \ J \ 3J \ J), \quad B^4 = (-4\gamma) \quad \wedge \square$$