

## Reminder II

- Characterisation of  $T \in \mathcal{D}'(\mathbb{R}^n)$ ,
- Derivative of distributions:  $\forall T \in \mathcal{D}'(\mathbb{R}^n)$ ,  
 $\forall f \in \mathcal{D}(\mathbb{R}^n)$ ,  $\forall \alpha \in \mathbb{N}^n$ ,  $[\partial^\alpha T](f) := (-1)^{|\alpha|} T(\partial^\alpha f)$ .
- $\implies \partial^\alpha T \in \mathcal{D}'(\mathbb{R}^n)$ , and  $\partial^\alpha T_h = T \partial^\alpha h$ ,

In the sense of distribution, any  $h \in L^1_{loc}(\mathbb{R}^n)$  is differentiable

- $\partial T_H = \delta_0$      $\partial T_{\ln(|\cdot|)} = P.V. \frac{1}{x}$  ...
- Local structure theorem,
- Multiplication of distributions by smooth functions,
- Convergence in  $\mathcal{D}'(\mathbb{R}^n)$
- Approximation of  $\delta_0$  by regular distributions.