

(P24) of Prof's Notes / (P40) of [GW] (Linearity of Expectation)

Check! IF  $X$  and  $Y$  are discrete random variables on  $(\Omega, \mathcal{R}, \mathbb{P})$ , and  $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$ , then

$$\mathbb{E}(aX + bY) = a\mathbb{E}(X) + b\mathbb{E}(Y)$$

Proof =

First, let's break this into 3 parts. We'll show...

$$\textcircled{1} \mathbb{E}(aX) = a\mathbb{E}(X)$$

$$\textcircled{2} \mathbb{E}(X+b) = \mathbb{E}(X) + b$$

$$\textcircled{3} \mathbb{E}(aX + bY) = a\mathbb{E}(X) + b\mathbb{E}(Y)$$

useful properties in

C2, Prof's notes (P20)

For  $\textcircled{1}$   $aX$  and  $\textcircled{2}$   $X+b$ , since they are functions of  $X$ , we can apply Law of subconscious statistician.

Recall: For  $g: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ , one has

$$\mathbb{E}(g(X)) = \sum_{x \in X(\Omega)} g(x) \underbrace{P_X(x)}_{P(X=x)}$$

whenever  $\sum_{x \in X(\Omega)} |g(x)| P_X(x) < \infty$  (this sum converges absolutely.)

$$\textcircled{1} \mathbb{E}(aX) = a\mathbb{E}(X)$$

$$\mathbb{E}(aX) = \sum_{x \in X(\Omega)} (ax) P_X(x) \quad (\text{Law of subconscious statistician})$$

$$= a \sum_x x P_X(x)$$

Definition of  $\mathbb{E}(X) \equiv \text{MEAN} \equiv \text{EXPECTATION}$

$$= a\mathbb{E}(X),$$

$$\textcircled{2} \mathbb{E}(X+b) = \mathbb{E}(X) + b$$

$$\mathbb{E}(X+b) = \sum_{x \in X(\Omega)} (x+b) P_X(x) \quad (\text{Law of subconscious statistician})$$

$$= \sum_x x P_X(x) + \sum_x b P_X(x)$$

$$= \sum_x x P_X(x) + b \sum_x P_X(x)$$

$$= \mathbb{E}(X) + b, \quad \underbrace{\sum_x P_X(x)}_{=P(\Omega)=1} \quad (\text{See (pmf) on Prof's note, (P13)})$$

③  $\mathbb{E}(aX + bY) = a\mathbb{E}(X) + b\mathbb{E}(Y)$

$$\mathbb{E}(aX + bY) = \sum_{x \in X(\Omega)} \sum_{y \in Y(\Omega)} (ax + by) \underbrace{P_{X,Y}(x,y)}_{P(X=x, Y=y)}$$

$$= a \sum_x \sum_y x P_{X,Y}(x,y) + b \sum_x \sum_y y P_{X,Y}(x,y)$$

→  $\textcircled{=} a \sum_x x P_X(x) + b \sum_y y P_Y(y)$

$P_X(x) = \sum_y P_{X,Y}(x,y)$ and $P_Y(y) = \sum_x P_{X,Y}(x,y)$	$= a\mathbb{E}(X) + b\mathbb{E}(Y)$ □
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Remark = X and Y do not need to be Independent as  $\mathbb{E}$  will act linearly on the set of discrete random variables.