

## Problem Set 12 - Math Tutorial Calculus II

1. Evaluate the double integral  $\iint_R (\sqrt{x} - y^2) \, dx dy$  where  $R$  is the bounded region enclosed by the curves  $y = x^2$  and  $y = x^{\frac{1}{4}}$ .
2. Evaluate the double integral  $\iint_R \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}x^2\right) \, dx dy$  where  $R$  is the triangle enclosed by the line  $y = x$ , the vertical line  $x = 1$  and the  $x$ -axis.
3. Evaluate the following double integrals.

(a)  $\int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^x xy^2 \, dy dx,$

(b)  $\int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \int_0^{x^2} \frac{1}{x} \cos\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) \, dy dx,$

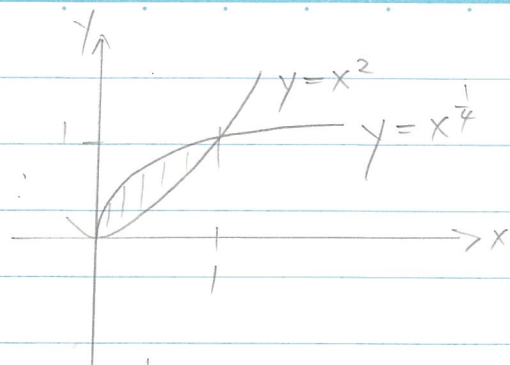
(c)  $\int_0^1 \int_{4x}^4 e^{-y^2} \, dy dx,$

(d)  $\int_0^1 \int_x^1 (1 - y^2)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \, dy dx,$

(e)  $\int_0^1 \int_{y^2}^1 2\sqrt{x}e^{x^2} \, dx dy.$

Problem set 12 - Solutions

#1  $\iint_R (\sqrt{x^7} - y^2) dx dy$

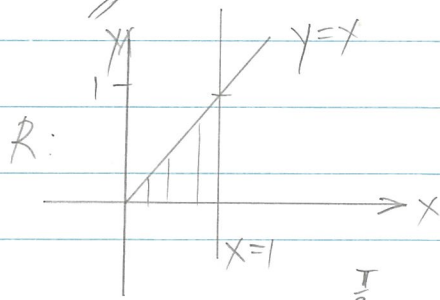


$$= \int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^{x^{1/4}} (\sqrt{x^7} - y^2) dy dx = \int_0^1 \left[ \sqrt{x^7} y - \frac{1}{3} y^3 \right]_{x^2}^{x^{1/4}} dx$$

$$= \int_0^1 \left( x^{3/4} - x^{5/2} - \frac{1}{3} (x^{3/4} - x^6) \right) dx = \int_0^1 \left( \frac{2}{3} x^{3/4} - x^{5/2} + \frac{1}{3} x^6 \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{4}{7} - \frac{2}{7} + \frac{1}{21} = \frac{8}{21} - \frac{6}{21} + \frac{1}{21} = \frac{1}{7}$$

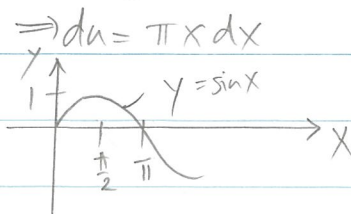
#2  $\iint_R \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} x^2\right) dx dy$



$$= \int_0^1 \int_0^x \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} x^2\right) dy dx = \int_0^1 \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} x^2\right) x dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos(u) du$$

$u = \frac{\pi}{2} x^2$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \sin(u) \Big|_0^{\pi/2} = \frac{1}{\pi}$$

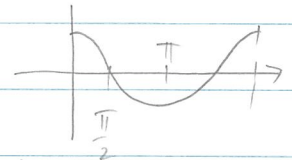


#3 (a) 
$$\int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^x xy^2 dy dx = \int_0^1 xy^3 \Big|_{x^2}^x dx = \int_0^1 (x^4 - x^7) dx$$

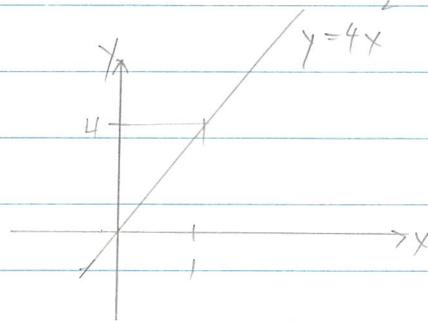
$$= \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{8} \right) = \frac{1}{3} \frac{8-5}{40} = \frac{1}{40}$$

(b) 
$$\int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \int_0^{x^2} \frac{1}{x} \cos\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) dy dx = \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \frac{1}{x} x \sin\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) \Big|_0^{x^2} dx$$

$$= \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \sin(x) dx = -\cos(x) \Big|_{\pi/2}^{\pi} = 1$$



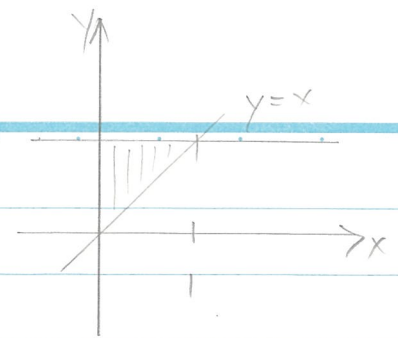
(c) 
$$\int_0^1 \int_{4x}^4 e^{-y^2} dy dx$$



$$= \int_0^4 \int_0^{y/4} e^{-y^2} dx dy = \int_0^4 e^{-y^2} \cdot x \Big|_0^{y/4} dy = \frac{1}{4} \int_0^4 e^{-y^2} \cdot y dy$$

$$= -\frac{1}{8} \int_0^{-16} e^u du = -\frac{1}{8} e^u \Big|_0^{-16} = \frac{1}{8} (1 - e^{-16})$$

$$u = -y^2 \Rightarrow du = -2y dy$$

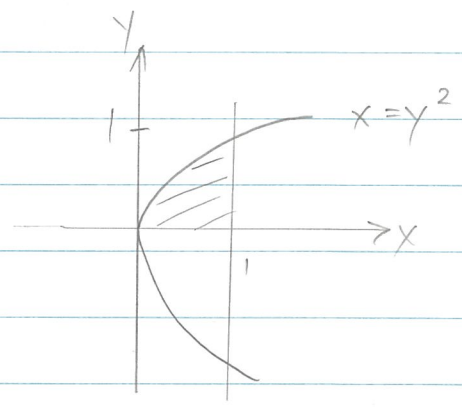


#3 (d)  $\int_0^1 \int_x^1 (1-y^2)^{-\frac{1}{2}} dy dx$

$$= \int_0^1 \int_0^y (1-y^2)^{-\frac{1}{2}} dx dy = \int_0^1 (1-y^2)^{-\frac{1}{2}} y dy$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \int_1^0 u^{-\frac{1}{2}} du = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 u^{\frac{1}{2}} \Big|_1^0 = 1$$

$u = 1-y^2$   
 $\Rightarrow du = -2y dy$



(e)  $\int_0^1 \int_{y^2}^1 2\sqrt{x} e^{x^2} dx dy$

$$= \int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{x}} 2\sqrt{x} e^{x^2} dy dx$$

$$= 2 \int_0^1 x e^{x^2} dx = \int_0^1 e^u du = e-1$$

$u = x^2$   
 $\Rightarrow du = 2x dx$