
Homework 6

Exercise 1 We consider the real vector space $V := C([0, 1])$ made of continuous real functions on $[0, 1]$ and endow it with the map

$$V \times V \ni (f, g) \mapsto \langle f, g \rangle := \int_0^1 f(x)g(x) dx \in \mathbb{R}.$$

Show that

- (i) $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle$ is a scalar product on V ,
- (ii) If W is the subspace of V generated by the three functions $x \mapsto 1$ (constant function), $x \mapsto x$ (identity function), and $x \mapsto x^2$, find an orthonormal basis for W .

Exercise 2 Find an orthonormal basis for the space of solutions of the following systems:

$$\begin{array}{lll} a) \begin{cases} 2x + y - z = 0 \\ 2x + y + z = 0 \end{cases} & b) \begin{cases} x - y + z = 0 \end{cases} & c) \begin{cases} 4x + 7y - \pi z = 0 \\ 2x - y + z = 0 \end{cases} \\ d) \begin{cases} x + y + z = 0 \\ x - y = 0 \\ y + z = 0 \end{cases} & & \end{array}$$

Exercise 3 For any symmetric matrix $A = (a_{ij}) \in M_n(\mathbb{R})$, we define the map

$$F_A : \mathbb{R}^n \times \mathbb{R}^n \ni (X, Y) \mapsto F_A(X, Y) := {}^t X A Y \in \mathbb{R}.$$

- (i) Show that F_A is a bilinear map,
- (ii) Show that $F_A(X, Y) = F_A(Y, X)$ for any $X, Y \in \mathbb{R}^n$.
- (iii) When does F_A define a scalar product ?
- (iv) If A is one of the following matrices, does F_A define a scalar product ?

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Exercise 4 Show that the cross product in \mathbb{R}^3 is a bilinear alternating map.

Exercise 5 Exhibit 3 different alternating bilinear maps on \mathbb{R}^3 .